

Education — Study Guide

Ellen G. White Estate

1999

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Information about this Book

Overview

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About the Author

Ellen G. White (1827-1915) is considered the most widely translated American author, her works having been published in more than 160 languages. She wrote more than 100,000 pages on a wide variety of spiritual and practical topics. Guided by the Holy Spirit, she exalted Jesus and pointed to the Scriptures as the basis of one's faith.

Further Links

A Brief Biography of Ellen G. White About the Ellen G. White Estate

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"True education means more than the pursual of a certain course of study. It means more than a preparation for the life that now is. It has to do with the whole being, and with the whole period of existence possible to man. It is the harmonious development of the physical, the mental, and the spiritual powers. It prepares the student for the joy of service in this world and for the higher joy of wider service in the world to come."— Education, p. 13.

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Postgraduate Study

In the earliest efforts of the Seventh-day Adventist Church to plan for the education of its young people, Ellen White was foremost in urging a system separate from the public school program. She saw the education of young people as an opportunity to develop the total person—the physical, the mental, and the spiritual. "It is the nicest work ever assumed by men and women to deal with youthful minds," declared Ellen White in her first major published statement on education appearing in 1872. Today the Adventist educational system is one of the largest undertaken by any church in the world. Adventist schools from the beginning have been evangelistic agencies.

A first compilation by Ellen White on education appeared in 1893 titled *Christian Education*. This 255-page book was a grouping of materials drawn together from published and manuscript sources. It served as Ellen White's basic statement on education for ten years. Then, in 1903, *Education* appeared, replacing the earlier book as an enlarged and well-rounded presentation written for both Adventists and non-Adventists.

Parents, teachers, and students will benefit from a study of its pages. But more than this, the counsel is of value in a general way to all readers, with its insights into Christ's methods of working, the importance of the study of the Bible, and the value of vocational programs, to mention a few areas. Its sound principles have been admired as the ideal in education by many authorities beyond the church.

This study guide can be considered useful for prayer meetings, youth groups, and teachers and parents. The reader's attention should be drawn to two books for companion study—Fundamentals of Christian Education and Counsels to Parents, Teachers, and Students. A third, Counsels on Education, reproducing the education counsels found in the nine volumes of Testimonies for the Church, is available in English only.

Lesson One—First Principles

[4]

Reading assignment: pages 13-30	
1. "True education means more than the	
of a certain	
It means more than a	
the that now is. It	has to do with the
, and with the whole	
possible to man." (13)	
2. What two joys does true education prep	are the student for?
(13)	
2. Have do as notives illustrate the thought th	
3. How does nature illustrate the thought the	
thinkers only reflect Christ? (14)	-
4. In what communion is found the high	est character? (14)
of education, what four things do we need 15)	
6. Make a comparison study of what Admentally, and spiritually at Creation and water he sinned. (15)	lam was physically, hat he became af-
7. What is the "object of education, the grea 16)	

tion? (16)	
	-
	under-
lies all true	" (16)
10. Why do we need	more than nature to help us to understand
God? (17)	-
	-
11. What power do w	re have that is "akin to that of the Creator"?
-	
12. "It is the work of	f true education to develop this power, to
	to be
	of other men's
." (17)	
13. Finish the fo	ollowing sentence: Our institutions of
learning should "send f	Forth men
." (18)	
. ,	ne highest can
	for His children. Godliness
	is the goal to be reached." (18)
	Il the right education give to every student?
• •	
(**/)	
16. In the model scl	hool set up at Creation, the "
	was the schoolroom.
	was the lesson book the

24. Adam and Eve were driven from Eden because "its perfec-

[6]

26. How was man's relationship to the other creatu	•
because of sin? (26)	
27. Why did God pronounce sentence of death upon	Satan before
telling our first parents the results of sin in their lives? (
28. How does nature, even though marred by sin, testify to God's love and healing power? (27)	
29. "While Christ opens	
life which He opens the hear	t of
to heaven." (28)	
30. What <i>three</i> things does sin do to us? (28, 29)	
(a)	_
(b)	_
(c)	_
31. "Not only but	
power, a perception of	
for, exists in every	
32. Because of sin, there is in man's nature "a ben	
, a whi	ch, unaided
he cannot" Where only can	man get the
power to resist? (29)	
33. Why is the following statement true? "I	•
act conce the world of advection and the world	of redemp
est sense the work of education and the work tion are one." (30)	_

Lesson Two—Illustrations

[7]

Reading assignment: pages 33-70
1. "The system of education established in Eden centered in the
" "The family was the
, and the parents were the"
(33)
2. In what several ways did God seek to strengthen the faith of
the Israelites in their journey through the desert to Canaan? (34)
3. Why did the Lord give Israel a sanctuary in which to worship in the wilderness? (35)
in the whiterness: (33)
4. Israel was to learn what lessons in labor and in giving for the sanctuary? (37)
5. For what <i>two</i> reasons were sanitary regulations enforced in Israel? (38) (a)
(b)
6. "The education of the Israelites included all their of"
How is this requirement of God demonstrated as wise? (38)
-
7. At what two times in their journey through the wilderness did Israel learn lessons by singing? (39) (a)
(b)
8. In what several ways was Israel blessed by song? (39)

9. "True education is	s not the of in
	and
	powers must be
	aroused." (41)
	of the ways that God gave lessons to Israel
(41)	
11. "In the arrangeme	ents for the education of the chosen people
	." (41)
12. In what ways wer	re the yearly feasts used to educate Israel
13 How was every	family safeguarded from the extremes of
wealth or poverty? (43) 14. What <i>double</i> purp every seventh year? (43) (a)	ose was served by letting the land lie fallow
wealth or poverty? (43) 14. What <i>double</i> purp every seventh year? (43) (a)	ose was served by letting the land lie fallow
wealth or poverty? (43)	ose was served by letting the land lie fallow
wealth or poverty? (43)	ose was served by letting the land lie fallow (b) designed to teach Israel? (44) oduce prophets into the education of Israel the prophet was one who
wealth or poverty? (43)	ose was served by letting the land lie fallow (b) designed to teach Israel? (44) oduce prophets into the education of Israel the prophet was one who, communicating to the people
wealth or poverty? (43)	ose was served by letting the land lie fallow (b) designed to teach Israel? (44) oduce prophets into the education of Israel the prophet was one who

19. "Every	, whether his
were ric	h or poor, was taught some
" (47)	
20. List the chief s	ubjects of study in the schools of the prophets
(47)	
	Discuss.
21. On what basi	s did the Lord pronounce David "a man af-
ter mine own heart?"	(48)
	-
	
	e consequences to Solomon of casting off his
allegiance to God? (49	9)
	following statement: "The discipline and
	pointed for Israel would cause them, in all
•	o differ from the people of other nations.
(49)	
	-
	f Joseph, Daniel, Moses, Elijah, and Paul are
	r education in early years versus later years
(51-70)	-
25 Diament la 142	- 4 4
	tement: "Joseph bore alike the test of adversity
and of prosperity." (52)
— 26 What ware the	two major dangers to Daniel and his compan
	two major dangers to Daniel and his compan-
	ood from the king's table? (55)
(b)	
	r qualities distinguished Daniel? (56)
	·
28. Complete the f	Following quotation: "The greatest want of the
_	en— (57)
World to the want of the	

36. "Moses counted the _____ of Christ

greater riches than the ______ in Egypt. He

counted it so ______." (68)

Lesson Three—The Master Teacher

[11]

Reading assignment: pages 73-96 1. It would be helpful to make a listing of the principles of good teaching as illustrated by Christ from the two chapters in this section. Many of these will be dealt with as the study pro-2. "In the _____ sent from God, ____gave to men its and ." (73) 3. When Christ appeared on this earth in person, "_____-_____ had taken the place of divine revelation. Instead of the heaven-given _____ truth, men had accepted a standard of their own ." (74) 4. List some of the wrong ideas of God that men had when Christ was here. (75, 76)_____ 5. Christ came to restore the knowledge of ______-____. (76) 6. List four things that God's law is designed to do for human beings. (76, 77) a). _____ b). _____ 7. What were some of the conditions and surroundings in Christ's early life? (77) _____

8. The education of Christ was gained from:	
(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
9. What Christ taught He	
10. How can we explain that though Christ was reprover and denouncer of wrong, yet He drew peo (79)	ple to Him?
11. "Looking upon them with hope, He [Christ] ins Meeting them with	pired
He inspired Revealing in H	
, He awakened both	
and" (80)	
12. The everyday experience of Christ was "an or	utpouring of
His life." How did He do this? What lesson is there in (80)	
13. Why didn't Jesus' teaching deal with mysteries a lines and abstract theories? (81)	and scientific
14. What did Jesus teach instead of theories? (81)	-
— 15 "Navon can there ha a	
15. "Never can there be a	
a in human in His	
16. Jesus spoke "to the little child in the	_
of; to the	
heart of youth; to men in the	
of their, bearing	
of care; to the aged in	

	and _	·
(82)		
	here is the most complete illus	
as a teach	er found? (84)	-
	ne first pupils of Jesus were "	
	and	
	, but trained by the	of
	and	." (85)
19. "Iı	the	_ walks of life there is many
a	patiently tr	reading the
	_ of his daily	, unconscious of
	that, ro	
, W	ould place him among the wor	rld's
"(85)		
20. G	ive a one-line characterizatio	on of each of the following
disciples:	(85, 86)	
Levi Matt	hew	
	Thomas	
James		
Jude		
Nathanael		
James and	John (Sons of Zebedee)	-
21. Co	onsider the character of John. (8	87, 88)
22. Co	onsider the character of Peter. (8	
22. Co	onsider the character of Peter. (8	

23. What finally accomplished the total conversion of Peter?
(89)
24. Which disciple, until near the end, never had direct reproof from Christ? Why? (91, 92)
25. What are the reasons that Judas never totally committed
himself to Jesus? (91, 92)
26. Though the heart of Judas was never won to Christ, what was accomplished for the rest of the disciples as a result of Jesus' treatment of him? (93)
27. What <i>three</i> events swept away the self-sufficiency of the disciples? (94)
28. Though Jesus personally taught His disciples, how
did they receive their <i>final</i> preparation for their lifework? (95)

Lesson Four—Nature Teaching

[15]

Reading assignment: pages 99-120
1. "For all the of His
the condition is the same—a life
by receiving the of God, a lit
in harmony with the Creator's
" (99, 100)
2. One of the best sources of learning for a little child before the
printed page can be read is
(100)
3. Evil can be seen in what things in nature?
The love that restores can be seen in what other things in nature
(101)
4 "Only in the
4. "Only in the that shines from
can nature's b
read aright." (101) 5. Janua' tanahing "draw illustrations also from the
5. Jesus' teaching "drew illustrations also from the
of, familiar to the hearers." l
what way did this make for a long-lasting impression upon thos
what way did this make for a long-tasting impression upon those who heard? (102)
who heard: (102)
6. "All things both in heaven and in earth declar
that the great law of life is a law of service." Provide ser
eral illustrations of this statement. (103, 104)
erar mastrations of this statement. (103, 101)

	-
7. What can we learn from the	parable of the growing seed
regarding: (104) (a) Man's part	
(b) God's part	
(e) cou s part	
8. "The germination of the seed re	presents the
of	_, and the development of the
plant is a figure of the	
" (105)	
9. Explain the following statemen	t: "At every stage of develop-
ment our life may be perfect; yet if Go	od's purpose for us is fulfilled
there will be constant advancement."	(106)
10. "Parents and teachers should a	im so to
the o	
of they may	
appropriate to that	
, as do the p	
" (107)	
11. What every day miracle does	the feeding of the 5000 illus-
11. What every day miracle does	_
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107)	
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107)	•
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107)	
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107)	ement mean? "It is in appear-
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107)	ement mean? "It is in appear-
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107)	ement mean? "It is in appear
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107)	ement mean? "It is in appear (108,109)
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107)	ement mean? "It is in appear (108,109)
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107) 12. What does the following state ance, not in reality, that evil succeeds." 13. What lessons can we learn from the succeed trace.	ement mean? "It is in appear (108,109)
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107) 12. What does the following state ance, not in reality, that evil succeeds." 13. What lessons can we learn from the succeed trace.	ement mean? "It is in appear (108,109)
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107)	ement mean? "It is in appear (108,109)
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107) 12. What does the following state ance, not in reality, that evil succeeds." 13. What lessons can we learn from (109) 14. Explain the following statements	ement mean? "It is in appear (108,109) rom a single grain of wheat? at: "The lesson of seed sowing
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107)	ement mean? "It is in appear (108,109) rom a single grain of wheat? at: "The lesson of seed sowing
11. What every day miracle does trate? (107) 12. What does the following state ance, not in reality, that evil succeeds." 13. What lessons can we learn from (109) 14. Explain the following statements	ement mean? "It is in appear (108,109) from a single grain of wheat? at: "The lesson of seed sowing

	17. What is the lesson in the tilling of the soil? (111)
	18. The special needs of every variety of plant mus studied. How does this apply to teaching? (1112)
(11	19. Illustrate how God's healing power runs through all nature 3)
	20. What is the spiritual application of the healing power o d? (113, 114)
cor	21. When we "examine under the microscope the smallest and mmonest of wayside blossoms," what can we learn? (114) 22. "As the in the cloud results from
cor	21. When we "examine under the microscope the smallest and mmonest of wayside blossoms," what can we learn? (114) 22. "As the in the cloud results from of sunshine and
cor — the	21. When we "examine under the microscope the smallest and mmonest of wayside blossoms," what can we learn? (114) 22. "As the in the cloud results from of sunshine and represents the represents the in the cloud results from of sunshine and represents the
cor the	21. When we "examine under the microscope the smallest and mmonest of wayside blossoms," what can we learn? (114) 22. "As the in the cloud results from of sunshine and represents the of His and Hi
cor the	21. When we "examine under the microscope the smallest and mmonest of wayside blossoms," what can we learn? (114) 22. "As the in the cloud results from of sunshine and represents the of His and Hi" (115) 23. What lesson can we learn from the stars? (115, 116)
cor the	21. When we "examine under the microscope the smallest and mmonest of wayside blossoms," what can we learn? (114) 22. "As the in the cloud results from of sunshine and represents the of His and Hi" (115)
the	21. When we "examine under the microscope the smallest and mmonest of wayside blossoms," what can we learn? (114)

27.	What does the eagle of the Alps teach us? (118,
119)	
	How can we learn from the tree and the water lily?
	Answer the following question: "Why was not all colored a brown?" (119)
	The objects in nature are to be searched out to illustrate Bible gs. Provide illustrations from personal observation. (120)

Lesson Five—The Bible As An Educator

[18]

Part I

Reading assignment: pages	123-158
1. "For the	and the
	, it is God's
law that	is acquired by
	that
" (123)	
2. Why is the following sta	atement true? "The most valuable
teaching of the Bible is not to b	be gained by occasional or discon-
nected study." (123)	
	-
-	ible study can develop our mental
	nes and
" (12-	
5. Demonstrate how the Bib	le has "something to interest every
	-
6. What is the central theme	of the Bible? (125)
7. "The science of	is the science of
all sciences; This is the high	ghest in
which it is possible for men to _	." (126)
	th Bible characters affect our present
life? (127)	

	Our future
life?	
9. "Science is ever	
she brings from her	nothing that, rightly
, conflicts	s with
" (128)	
10. "Rightly understood, both	
of and the	
are in har	
of	to the constant working of
God in nature." (130)	
11. Is the following statement t	
the world it has continued in motion	ž , ,
(131)	
	منا عالم مساعد الم
12. "The hand that	
, the han	
and tireless	
throughout the to th	
us." (132)	101
13. What <i>five</i> principles of busi	ness are suggested as the secret
of true success? (135)	
or true success. (133)	
14. Solomon, the wise man, ha	s given us several principles of
good business. Be prepared to put th	
into a "modern translation." (135, 13	
	,
15. What "lies at the foundation	of business integrity and of true
success"? (137)	
16. How is the tithe different fro	m other obligations to the Lord?
(138, 139)	_

•	19. List some of the qualities of a prosperous man as illustrated
_	in the experience of Job. (142)
	20. What are some of the results of a departure from right principles in our dealings with God and one another? (143)
	21. What question demands consideration by every parent, every teacher, every student, by every human being, young or old? (145)
	22. In what ways do Bible biographies differ from others? (146)
	23. "No truth does the Bible more clearly teach than that
	24. How does the life of Jacob illustrate that every deed reacts upon the doer? (146, 147)
	25. How does the experience of Levi illustrate that a curse can be turned into a blessing? (148)
	26. The unbelieving spies said, "We be not able to go up against the people." How did these words prove true? (149)
	27. In contrast, how did Caleb, one of the two faithful spies, prove his right to occupy Canaan? (149)
	28. The strongest bulwark of vice in our world is not
	but rather

29. What was the one failure in the life of Elijah that cut short his life work? Discuss (151)
his life work? Discuss. (151)
30. What several lessons did David learn during his life as a fugitive that helped him later as a leader? (152)
31. How did Solomon's early experience contrast with that of his father, David? (153, 154)
32. When he turned to find satisfaction in pleasure, how did Solomon describe his disappointments? (153)
33. List the various tests that Job was required to meet. (154, 155)
34. By what actions did Jonathan demonstrate his unselfishness? (157)
35. By what several ways did John the Baptist demonstrate his humility? (157)

[21] Lesson Six—The Bible As An Educator

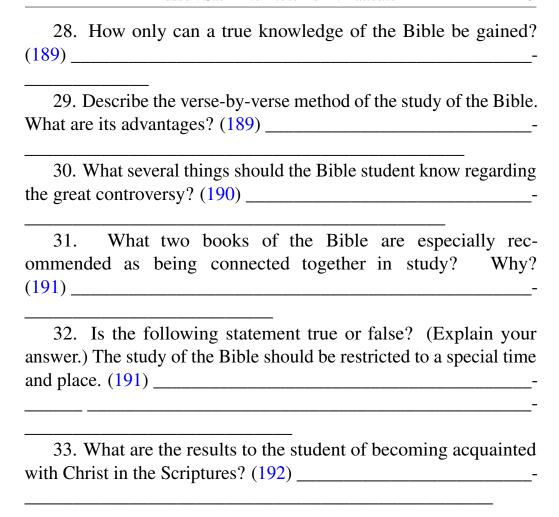
Part II

Reading assignment: pages 159-192
1. Where is the earliest recorded poetry found in the Bible? (159,
160)
2. What is the earliest song recorded in the Bible, and what were
the circumstances? (162)
3. Why did Jehoshaphat send singers before the army praising God for the victory that had been promised? (163)
4. Read and comment on the various songs that David composed: (164, 165)
(a) As a shepherd lad:(b)
A hunted fugitive:
(c) A dethroned and crownless king:(d)
After his great sin he recognized that on earth there is no resting
place:
5. What are some of the circumstances under which Jesus sang? (166)
6. What song are we to sing as earth's last great crisis draws closer? (166, 167)
7. What are some of the negative uses of song? (167, 168)
Positive?

8. "As a part of	
is as much an act of	as is
" (168)	
9. What do you think the following st	
must rest upon evidence, not demonstration	n." (169)
10. Why is the following statement t	•
the Bible, so far from being an argument a	
strongest evidences of its divine inspiration	n." (170)
11 What arragionas is "The highest	t avidance of the divine
11. What experience is "The highest	
authorship of the Bible?" (171)	
12. When the principles of the Bible h	ave actually become the
elements of character, what is the result? (1	
elements of character, what is the result. (1	
12 T 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
1.3. In what several ways is Bible histor	rv different from secular
13. In what several ways is Bible history (173)	•
history? (173)	<u> </u>
history? (173)	•
history? (173)	<u> </u>
history? (173)	is drawn
history? (173)	is drawn
14. "In the Word of God the	is drawn
history? (173)	is drawn all the
history? (173)	is drawn all the
history? (173)	is drawn all the agencies
history? (173)	is drawn all the agencies sured by the fidelity with
history? (173)	is drawn is drawn all the and , the agencies sured by the fidelity with
history? (173)	is drawn all the and, the agencies sured by the fidelity with nsider Bible illustrations
history? (173)	is drawn all the and , the agencies sured by the fidelity with nsider Bible illustrations and to every
history? (173)	is drawn all the and , the agencies sured by the fidelity with nsider Bible illustrations and to every ed a
history? (173)	is drawn all the and , the agencies sured by the fidelity with nsider Bible illustrations and to every and to
history? (173)	is drawn all the and , the agencies sured by the fidelity with nsider Bible illustrations and to every ed a" (178) fe being held back at the

18. Consider the several Old Testament texts that have application to the approaching end of the sinful world's history. (180-

1	82)
t	19. Did the prophets always understand the meaning of what hey wrote? Explain. (183)
_	20. "At this time, men are in
t	he and the pursuits of
	Engrossed with the and
	, they have lost sight of the
	and" (183)
	21. From the chapter "Bible Teaching and Study," make three
1	ists:
(One: Qualities of good teaching
_	
_	Three: Methods that should
- ŀ	
ι	e used
C	22. What subject is best adapted to awaken interest in little hildren? (185)
	23. "The teaching of the should have
C	our freshest, our best
	, and our most earnest" (186)
	24. Which hours of the day should be the sweetest and most help-ul? (186)
-	25. What gave power to Abraham's teaching? Provide a prime example. (187)
_	26. "In teaching children the Bible, we may gain much by
C	observing the of their minds, the
_	in which they are, and
8	rousing their interest to see what thesays
	bout these" (188)
	27. We are to search the pages of the Bible, "not for
	to sustain our, but in
c	order to know" (189)



Lesson Seven—Physical Culture

[24]

Reading assignment: pages 1	95-222
1. "Whatever promotes	, promotes the
	and a
character." (195)	
2. Why should health be "as fa	aithfully guarded as the character?"
(195)	
	-
3. "The laws that govern our p	ohysical
	·
, and	of the body. Every
	violation of
	against our Creator." (196,
197)	
4. "The	power of the brain, promoted
by, vite	alizes the whole
, and is thus an	aid in resisting
" (197)
5. Contrast the positive and	negative effects of emotions and
actions on the body. (197)	
6. In what several ways d	oes a correct position in sitting
and standing affect us morally	? (198, 199)
	-
_ Physically?	-
	of the voice affect our bodies?
(199)	-
_	the strain should come on "the
	rather than on those of the
" (199)

(エブブ丿 _	_ -
` / _	
10.	A will promote
	and stimulate mental action. (200)
11.	What should the knowledge that our bodies are the temple
of God	do for us? (201)
	The root of intemperance is more than the use of alcohol
	acco. It can be caused by, lack of
	, or evil (202)
	"Anything that disorders, that
creates	undue, or in any way
	the system tends toward intemperance."
(203)	
(203) 14.	
(203) 14. (203) _	List <i>five</i> foods that are active causes of indigestion
(203) 14. (203) _ 15.	List <i>five</i> foods that are active causes of indigestion "Flesh food tends to the
(203) 14. (203) _ 15. nerves	List <i>five</i> foods that are active causes of indigestion "Flesh food tends to the and to the passions, thus giving
(203) 14. (203) _ 15. nerves the	List <i>five</i> foods that are active causes of indigestion. "Flesh food tends to the and to of power to the lower
(203) 14. (203) _ 15. nerves the	List <i>five</i> foods that are active causes of indigestion. "Flesh food tends to the and to of power to the lower" (203)
(203) 14. (203) _ 15. nerves the	List <i>five</i> foods that are active causes of indigestion. "Flesh food tends to the and to of power to the lower" (203) Why is appetite not a safe guide in the selection of food?
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(203) 14. (203) _ 15. nerves the 16. (204) _	List <i>five</i> foods that are active causes of indigestion "Flesh food tends to the passions, thus giving of power to the lower" (203) Why is appetite not a safe guide in the selection of food? ",,,,,
(203) 14. (203) _ 15. nerves the 16. (204) _	List five foods that are active causes of indigestion "Flesh food tends to the passions, thus giving of power to the lower" (203) Why is appetite not a safe guide in the selection of food? ", and, in proper, contain all the elements of"
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(203) 14. (203) _ 15. nerves the 16. (204) _	List <i>five</i> foods that are active causes of indigestion "Flesh food tends to the passions, thus giving of power to the lower"

	What are some of the advantages of two meals a day?
	What should be the atmosphere of meal time?
22.	"Recreation tends to and
build _	" (207)
	By contrast what are some of the problems of amusement?
(207) _	-
	"For the first eight or ten years of a child's life, the
	or is the best
	oom, the the best teacher, the best lesson book." (208)
	"The nerves that connect with the
	are the
	which communicates with man
	ects the life." (209)
	What are some of the dangers of excessive study? (209)
	What is a major problem with gymnastic exercises?
28.	List several problems with playing games. (210,
211)	-
	"The true can impart to his pupils
	so valuable as the
	_ of his own" (212)
3()	What double benefit will come as the result of recre-
	which makes a child or wouth helpful to others! []]
ation v	•
ation w 213)	-
ation w 213)	which makes a child or youth helpful to others? (212, "As a against evil, the

worth more than unnumbered of	
and" (213)	
32. "At the creation, labor was appointed as a" In what several ways does it continue to be a part	
God's plan for our recovery? (214)	
33. There are some who consider labor as degring. However, what degrades more than honest to (215)	
34. What are some practical things that a boy should learn make him useful in homemaking? (216, 217)	
What are some of the things a girl should learn to help her be better fitted to meet the emergencies of life? Make a mod application	
35. What are several Bible illustrations that God has honothe work of the everyday toiler? (217)	
36. What are some of the subjects that should be taught schools? (218)	
37. "Every youth, on leaving, sho have acquired a of some	
or by which, if need be,	
may earn a" (218)	
38. List some practical things that every missionary sho	uld
know. (221)	

Lesson Eight—Character Building

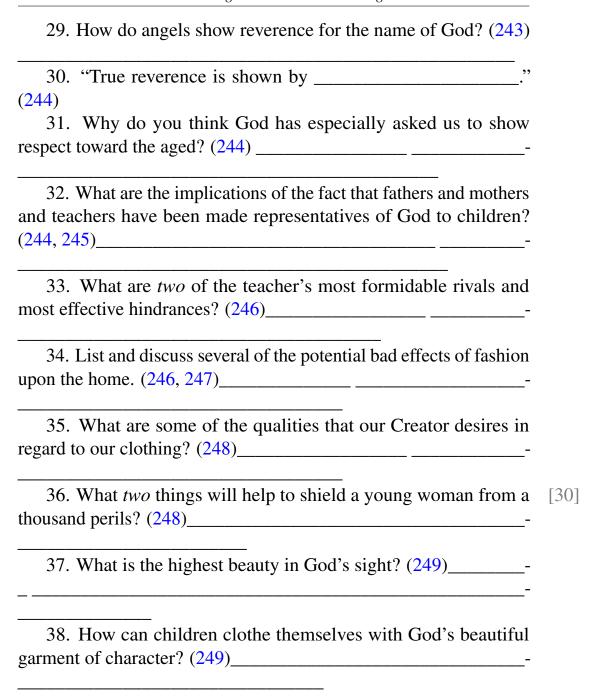
[27]

Part I

Reading assignment: pages 225-249	
1. Of true education it is said that "above	
it values; above	
, goodness; above ac	
2. What is the most important work ever entruste beings? (225)	ed to human
3. True education provides a counter influence for curses of our world? (225, 226)	r what <i>three</i>
4. What wrong practices in education encourage th "cramming?" (226)	
5. What methods and materials ought to be avoide lowing study areas? (226, 227)	
(a) Language and literature	(b) Sci-
ence(c) Bible study	
6. What are some of the evils in the method of educ the memory? (230)	
7. What are some of the evils of another extreme that man needs only to develop that which is within	

8. Consider some of the truths taught in two experiences where Christ taught only one person. See John 3 and 4. (231)
9. In His teaching Christ "watched the
of His hearers, marked the lighting up of the
, the quick, responsive, which
told that had reached the soul." (231)
10. What did Christ discern in every human being He dealt with?
(232) What are the lessons in this for educators today?
11. What is more important than genius or talent when seeking success? (232)
12. For what reasons should we develop all our faculties, the weaker as well as the stronger? (232, 233)
14. The teacher should not rest satisfied with any presentation until the students understand what <i>three</i> things. (234)
15. What priorities should teachers demand of students as they move through their education? (234)
16. What is the chief requisite of language? (235)
17. To what are gossip and criticism compared? (235)

thy an	Parents and teachers should give appreciation, sympade encouragement to children and yet not foster in them of praise. Why? (237)
20.	History should be considered from the
	point of view. (238) Discuss some illustrations
	What kind of teaching should be done in connection with natics? (238, 239)
	What are three <i>elements</i> of power that every parent and should possess? (240)
	List several qualities of true courtesy.(240)
	"The essence of true is consid-
24.	
eration	for" What so-called culture is a
eration failure 25.	for" What so-called culture is a ? (241) True politeness is characterized by what <i>three</i> qualities? 42)
eration failure 25. (241, 2 26.	for" What so-called culture is a ? (241) True politeness is characterized by what <i>three</i> qualities?
eration failure 25. (241, 2 26. (242) 27.	for" What so-called culture is a ? (241) True politeness is characterized by what <i>three</i> qualities? 42) Where is the most valuable treatise on etiquette in the Bible? "The hour and place of and the
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Lesson Nine—Character Building

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Part II

Reading assignment: pag	es 250-271
1. How are the giving of	tithe and the keeping of the Sabbath to
	? (250, 251)
2. What counsel do we ha	ave regarding the study of the Sabbath
school lesson? (251, 252)	-
3. In what way can the va	lue of the Sabbath sermon be extended
beyond listening to it? (252)_	-
4. Faith leads us to choos	e God's way instead of our
	od's wisdom in place of our
_	n in place of our
	lace of our
(253)	
5. Consider the biblical ill	ustrations of how those who trusted the
Word of God have withstood	the power of the whole world. (254)
	-
6. "As a	from and truth, no
and an inspiration to	and truth, no
	can equal the
of God's	" (255) Consider the Bible
texts that illustrate this point.	
7. What are some of the b	est methods to deal with the following:
(255-257)	
(a) The timid child	-
(b) The child w	ho is quick to resent injuries
	-

8. "Through	in Christ, every
	nay be,
	cleansed, every
	developed."
(257)	•
9. What <i>three</i> conditions are t	to be met if we are to claim God's
promise? (258)	
10 What are some of the thi	
	ngs that we can ask for in prayer
and know that we have received:	(258)
11. "	prayer,
	is with
God that sustains the soul life." (2	258)
12. Which of the following st	atements is correct? Explain your
answer. (260)	
•	moral instruction to be accepted
_	rit of the times and our position in
the world.	
	e living God that is to mold our
actions, our words, and our thoug	
· ·	iving the blessing of real commu-
nion with God? (260, 261)	-
14. What do you think is me	eant by the assertion that many a
•	gislative assemblies and halls of
•	ness for the King of kings? (262)
-	be put to every household, every
school, every parent, teacher, and	child? (263)
	-
— 16. When we reject the privi	llege of fellowship with Christ in
service, what do we really reject?	_
, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	` /

furnish, how soon the ______ of a crucified, _-

____ might be carried to the whole _____

_____, and soon-coming _____-

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(271)

Reading assignment: pages 275-297

The first chapter in this section affords a special opportunity to look for qualities of good teaching. As it is studied, a list could be made and used for discussion. See especially pages 277-279.

made and used for discussion. See especially pages 277-279.
1. The child's first teacher is the
Discuss this awesome responsibility. (275)
2. Before becoming fathers and mothers, what subject should be
especially studied by men and women? (276)
3. Complete the following sentence: "The teacher can gain the
respect of his pupils in no other way than by
(277)
4. Why is physical vigor so important to successful teaching?
(277)
5. How important to the teacher is respect and confidence of his
pupils? (279)
6. Two extremes are often found in children and youth:
(a) Those who have had little or no discipline.
(b) Those who have been treated harshly.
How does each approach affect the children? And what is the
role of the teacher? (279, 280)
7. What are the values of the teacher's entering into social
relation with the pupil? (280)

	- _
	Consider several of the Bible promises given to the teacher.
	What are some of the positive results of cooperation between as and students? (283, 284)
	Why should parents endeavor to act together in training their n? (283)
	For what reasons should criticisms or suggestions in regard eacher's work be made to him in private? (284)
	What are the values to the teacher in becoming acquainted e parents of students? (284, 285)
	How can children from the earliest years be led to feel they tof the home firm? (285)
	How can the spirit of cooperation in the schoolroom be d? What will be the results? (285, 286)
	How early in the child's life should he be taught to obey?
	"The object of discipline is
	" (287)
18.	Why is the effort to "break the will" of the child a terrible e? (288)
	How should the discipline of the human being be different at of an animal? Why? (288)

23. Why should the teacher make obedience to his require	ments
as easy as possible? (288, 289)	
24. Give a definition of the will. (289)	
25. Why is the parent or teacher who trains the child to control the most successful? (289)	
26. What are the benefits of trusting children and youth suspicion? (289, 290)	
27. "Lead the to feel that the, and there are few who will not	ey are
, and there are few who will not to prove worthy " (290)	
28. Why is it better to request than to command? (290)	
29. "Rules should be few and well considered; and when made, they should be enforced." What are the reasons for (290)	n once r this?
30. What do youth need to understand about liberty?	(291)
31. "Continual bewilders, bu not" (291) 32. "The true object of reproof is gained only when	
	(291)
33. When a parent or teacher is in danger of becoming imp what should be done? (292)	atient,

35. For what <i>three</i> reasons should expulsion from school become a necessity? (293)
36. List some of the principal rules of discipline teachers should practice. (293, 294)
37. What lessons can human teachers learn from the divine? (294, 295)
38. Children and youth "should be taught that this world is not a, but a" (295) 39. What are <i>three</i> true tests of character? (295)
40. "Something better" is the watchword of education, the law of all true living. What does this mean? Give some illustrations (296, 297)

Reading assignment: pages 301-309	
1. "Heaven is a	; its field of study, the
; its teacher, the	;
" (301)	
2. What <i>three</i> conditions that were in	Eden will not be found in
the school of the future life? (302)	
3. How will the tree of life be differe	ent in heaven from what it
was in Eden? (302)	
4. What will we learn in heaven ab	•
during our earthly life? (304, 305)	-
5. What will some of the surprises	be in eternity? (305,306)
6. "There the	and
that God has planted in the	will
find and sweete	est
" (306)	
7. "There every	will be developed,
every increased	
will be carried forward, t	the loftiest
will be reached, the highest _	
realized." (307)	
8. "All the treasures of the universe w	vill be open to the study of
God's children." In your imagination, w	
these might be? (307)	<u> </u>
9. What will be one of our rewards f	_
this world? (308)	_

10. Why was the great controversy permitted throughout the ages? (308)	o continue
11. What is our greatest joy and highest education here? Will there be any difference in heaven? (309)	
12. How will Christ be "rewarded" in heaven? (309)	